THE WHILE STAVIABLE AND SERVED

VOLUME I.

WASHINGTON, D. C. SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1843.

NUMBER 47

PUBLISHED DAILY AT 7 O'CLOCK A. M. BY JOHN T. TOWERS.

LOUIS NEW DA

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Office corner of Pennsylvania Avenue and Tenth street.

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1 do	2 days -	62	1 do	2 months	5 00
1 do	3 do -	75		3 do	7 00
1 do	1 week	1 25		6 do	12 00
1 do			\$5 per an	l year num.	24 00

Longer advertisements at equally favorable rates Ten lines or less to make a square.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. The STANDARD will be delivered to subscribers in The Standard will be delivered to subscribers in the District at ten cents per week, payable to the carriers; or, when preferable, they can pay at the office for a longer period. Subscribers will be furnished, by mail, ten weeks for one dollar; and in no case will the paper be continued beyond the time paid for. Single copies two cents.

PROSPECTUS.

THE undersigned, believing that a cheap daily Whig newspaper 2t the seat of Government would prove a valuable auxiliary to the Whig cause during the approaching Presidential contest, will publish, on the first Monday in November next, a thorough and decided Whig paper, entitled,

THE WHIG STANDARD, devoted to the principles and policy of that party, as laid down in the following declarations by HENRY

1. "A sound National Currency, regulated by the will and authority of the Nation;
2. "An adequate revenue, with fair protection to American industry;
3. "Just restraints on the Executive Power, embracing further restrictions on the exercise of the Veto:

Veto;
4. "A faithful administration of the Public Domain, with an equitable distribution of the proceeds of the sales of it among the States;
5. "An honest and economical administration of the General Government, leaving public officers perfect freedom of thought, and of the right of suffrage, but with suitable restraints against improper interfarence in elections;

interference in elections; 6. "An amendment of the Constitution limiting the incumbent of the Presidential office to a single term."

incumbent of the Presidential office to a single term."

To this annunciation we believe every true and ardent Whig will favorably respond. The hearts of the Whig army, whose ranks were unbroken, and whose banners floated unstricken during the campaign of '40, must, everywhere, swell with glorious pride at the memory of the past, and their hopes encouraged by their joyous anticipations of the future. It is true a nightmare of treachery now rests upon the energies of the party; but shall we not arouse to the importance of the political conflict which is about to ensue? There are at this time five opposition papers at the Seat of Government, each, in its way, endeavoring to sap the foundations of the Whig party, and blasting the prosperity of the country by the measures they propose. Shall we not rally against the foes excited by these emissaries, whose corrupt and atrocious motives are manifest by their early wrangling for spoils which they never can win? We know the response of millions of freemen will be 'Ay, RALLY!" Already the "hum of either army stilly sounds;" already the general furbishing of arms "gives dreadful note of preparation;" then let ours be a bright and death-dealing sword in the conflict. Let us rally under a leader upon whose standard is inscribed "Liberty, Order, the Constitution;" whose great political and personal virtues endear him to every generous heart, and whose patriotism has never been excelled—let us rally for Ilerry vers, next to his God, has had his chief eare.

HENRY CLAY, the Statesman and Sage, the friend of the workingman, the idol of his country, which, for forty years, next to his God, has had his chief care.

In addition to the thorough Whig course which this paper will pursue, its readers will be furnished with the earliest local intelligence of the city and District, and the general news of the day.

The daily hour of publication will be 6 o'clock in the morning; and during the session of Congress a

the dady nour publication will be o o'clocy in the morning; and during the session of Congress a synopsis of its proceedings will be given up to adjournment, by able reporters; enabling us thus to transmit abroad, through its columns, whatever of interest may transpire, at the earliest hour.

The Wing Standard will be published, daily, at

may transpire, at the earliest hour.

The Whig Standard will be published, daily, at 10 cents per week, payable to the carriers.

The paper wil be mailed to subscribers out of the District, at \$5 per annum, payable invariably in advance, or for a shorter period at the above rate.

As soon as the Presidential campaign shall be fairly opened, a weekly paper, at one dollar for the campaign, will be published for country circulation.

P. S. All communications by mail must be post paid or they will remain in the post office.

paid, or they will remain in the post office.

JOHN T. TOWERS.

EDWARD WARNER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, WASHINGTON, D. C. OFFICE NO. 33, EAST WING CITY HALL.

CHARLES S. WALLACH, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR. NO. 6, WEST WING, CITY HALL.

T. S. DONOHO, ATTORNEY AT LAW, OFFICE CITY HALL, EAST WING, No. 31.

JAMES J. DICKINS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, practices in the Supreme Court of the United States, the several courts of the District of Columbia,

THE undersigned respectfully inform merchants and the citizens of the District generally, that they have established an office in Washington city for the receiving and forwarding East, West, and South of valuable Packages, Parcels, Samples, Bundles, &c.; which they are fully prepared to transport by mail sneed.

mail speed.

As they are the only persons who have a contract with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company for that purpose, they are enabled to receive and forward

goods, &c. in advance of any other line.

Merchants and others who wish to avail themselves of our line, and who order goods, &c. from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, will find it to their advantage to direct in care of the fol-

Per Adams & Co's Express from Boston and New Per Shoemaker & Sanford's Express from Phila

delphia.

Per Rogers & Co's Express from Baltimore.
We receive Packages, Parcels, &c., for the East,
West, and South at all hours during the day, and deliver them to the consignee soon as received. We
will also receive and forward from Baltimore and
Washington goods and articles of every description, by the first regular trains.

ROGERS & CO. ROGERS & CO.
Office at Brooke's Periodical Depot, adjoining Beers'
Temperance Hotel, Penn. av., Washington city.
Office adjoining Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Depot, Pratt street, Baltimore.

FANCY NOTE PAPERS, ENVELOPES, &c. I &c.—A splendid assortment of note papers, plain gilt embossed, and lace bordered; do. do. enveloper of numerous sizes and patterns; pearl and ivory carved folders of richest patterns; seals of pearl, ivory, and glass, plain and with mottoes of best impressions; ladies' work boxes; fancy sealing wax; motto wafers in boxes; assorted mottoes; card cases of carved ivory and pearl, of the the richest style of patterns; cards for baskets; perforated and Bristal boards, and plain and embossed visiting cards; for sale by

WM. F. BAYLLY,

Agent for Herrick & Blunt.

Agent for Herrick & Blunt. nov 6—6m Penn. av. between 11th and 12th ts

DULED CAP AND LETTER FOR \$1 50 PER REAM.—For sale, ruled cap and letter paper at \$1 50 per ream; cheap blank and memorandum books; Russia quills; copy books; and cheap school stationery; for sale by WM. F. BAYLY.

Algent for Herrick & Blant.

nov 6—6m Penn. av. between 11th and 12th sts.

THE GOVERNMENTAL REGISTER, AND WASHINGTON DIRECTORY, by A REINTZEL. This compilation contains every thing of essential utility that is comprehended in the "Blue Book;" including the names of all housekeepers in the city of Washington, and an original Official Directory, &c.

rectory, &c.

The trade abroad, or others, may be supplied by communicating with the compiler, or JNO. T. Towens, publisher, at the office of the Whig Standard. nov 6-tf

THE WONDERFUL CURES Per-

Perfor med by Dr.
SWAYNE'S
Compound Syrup
of Wild Cherry, in
Pulmonary CONSUMPTION, have excited the astonishment of all who have witessed its marvellous effects: there nessed its marvellous effects; there is no account of a medicine, from the earliest ages furnishing a parallel; the almost miraculous cures effected by this extraordinary medicine, are unthe many certificates may be below. be seen

CINCINNATI, Feb. 15, 1840. Dr. SWAYNE-Dear Sir :

DERMIT me to take the liberty of writing to you I at this time to express my approbation, and to recommend to the attention of heads of families and others your invaluable medicine—the Compound Syrup of Frunus Virginiana, or Wild Cherry Bark. In my travels of late, I have seen, in a great many instances, the wonderful effects of your medicine in relieving children of very obstinate complaints, such as Coughing, Wheezing, Choking of Phlegm, Asth-matic attacks, &c., &c. I should not have written this letter, however, at present, although I have felt it my duty to add my testimony to it for some time, had it not been for a late instance where the medi-cine above alluded to was instrumental in restoring to perfect health an "only child," whose case was almost hopeless, in a family of my acquaintance. "I thank Heaven," said the doating mother, "my child is saved from the jaws of death!" and I now say and believe that, beyond all doubt, Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry is the most valuable registion in this or any other country. pound Syrup of What Cherry is the most valuable medicine in this or any other country. I am certain I have witnessed more than one hundred cases where it has been attended with complete success. I am using it myself in an obstinate attack of Bronchitis, in which it proved become in an exceedingly short time, considering the severity of the case. I can recommend it in the fullest confidence of its superior victors. I would advise that no family should be commend it in the fullest contacted of its superior virtues; I would advise that no family should be without it; it is very pleasant and always beneficial—worth double, and often ten times its price. The public are assured there is no quackery about it.

R. JACKSON, D.D.

of the First Presbyterian Church, N.Y.
In districts where Calomel and Quinine have been too freely made use of in bilious complaints, &c., Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, will prevent their evil effects on the system, and act as a strengthening alterative and improve the Bilious functions.

States, the several courts of the District of Columbia, prosecutes claims before Congress, and the several Departments of the General Government; and in general does all business requiring an Agent or Attorney. Office No. 4, west wing of the City Hall. nov 27-1y

ROBERT P. ANDERSON, Bookbinder and Paper Ruler, corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 11th street. Binding and Machine Ruling, of any kind or pattern, neatly and promptly executed, and on as good terms as any other establishment in the Disnov 6

FAMILY GROCERIES .- S. HOLMES has now received his full supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising a complete assortment. His stock of fresh teas, sugars, spices, fruits, coffee, butter, cheese, cranberries, apples, buckwheat, and family flour, mackerel, salmon, smoked and pickled, &c, &c, is worthy of attention, which he respectively. fully invites. Seventh street, nearly opposite the Patriotic Bank. dec 9

SPERM AND MOULD CANDLES.—The sub-scriber has on hand a fine lot of sperm, mould, adamantine, and the patent sperm candle; also, a superior article of lamp oil. dec 9

5. HOLMES, 7th street.

CHOICE LOT OF SWEETMEATS .- Peach A pine apple, citron, lime, preserves, raspberry jelly, and current jelly, for sale by dec 9 S. HOLMES, 7th street.

FRESH LOBSTERS.—A small lot prepared for the table, for sale by dec 9 S. HOLMES, 7th street.

CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c—
60 doz Appleby's fine cut tobacco
40 doz Pomeroy, Holmes, and Kingsland do
A great variety of plug
do
9,000 doz Havana segars, which will be sold at ,000 doz riavana olesale or retail, by S. HOLMES, 7th street.

SOAP.—30 boxes chemical soap
6 baxes fancy, palm, and other kinds
Also, the bar soap in common use, for sale by
dec 9
8. HOLMES, 7th street.

ACKEREL.—No. 1, 2, and 3, for sale at retail or by the barrel, by dec 9 S. HOLMES, 7th street.

HONEY! HONEY!!-The subscriber has just received by railroad and steamboat from New

15 choice Boxes of Honey in the comb I Barrel Cuba Honey
30 additional Boxes fine Cheese
And a good assortment of Door Mats, manufactured by the Shakers.

S. HOLMES,
dec 16—
7th street.

TRESH RICE PEARL BARLEY, VERMICEL-LA, RICE FLOUR, TAMARINDS, &c.--For sale by S. HOLMES, sele by

STONE WARE—Both Brick, Paste and Liquid Blacking. For sale by S. HOLMES, dec 16— 7th street

HOARHOUND CANDY.—The subscriber has recently been appointed agent for the sale of Pease's Hoarhound Candy. He could speak from personal knowledge of its beneficial effects in cases of severe cold, coughs, &c., but, lest he may be deemed an interested witness, he adduces the following, among numerous other testimonics, to the same im-

Hermitage. April 17, 1843. I have the pleasure to acknowledge your kind favor of the 1st ultimo, by the hand of my friend, Mr. J. Armstrong, and with it your most esteemed present, a package of your Hoarhound Candy, for which receive my sincere thanks. I can only add, that may thousands receive from its use as much benefit as I thousands receive from its day as intended to have done, then will its inventor go down to posterity as one of its benefactors.

I am gentlemen, very respectfully,
Your friend and obd't serv't,
ANDREW JACKSON.

Messrs. Pease & Sons.

Washington, April 6, 1843.
The President desires me to return Messrs. Pease & Sons his acknowledgments and very sincere thanks for the box of Candy received at their hands. He has used it with much benefit to himself, as a remedy for cold and cough. I am, with very much respect, JOHN TYLER, jr., Private Secretary.

Gentlemen: You will pardon me for the delay in replying to your letter of the 14th ultimo, and acknowledging the receipt of a box of your Clarified Essence of Hoarhound Candy.

Allow me to thank your

Allow me to thank you for this kind respect, and to express the hope that you will be liberally patronized in your efforts for the public. The article is got up in beautiful style, and is highly commended by those who have had occasion to use it.

Your obd't serv't,
Messrs. Pease & Sons.

WM. C. BOUCK.

Messrs. Pease & Sons.

City Hall, New York, June 27, 1843. Messrs: I have repeatedly used your Candy for coughs and colds, and always found relief, but official duties prevented me from wri,ing to you before. But as I have lately been cuied of the influenza, I cannot withhold from recommending the same to the public. I am yours, truly, ROBT. H. MORRIS.

Messrs. Pease & Sons, 45 Division street.

Lindenwald, Oct. 14, 1843.

Gentlemen: I have to thank you for the box of your, I doubt not, justly celebrated Clarified Essense of Hoarhound Candy, and also for the very obliging terms in which you have been pleased to present it

I have not, I am happy to inform you, as yet had occasion to use it, but will do so when necessary, with a centidence in its efficacy which is well warranted by the experience of others.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

M. VAN BUREN.

After all, the best recommendation of it is a personal application which he invites those afflicted with coughs and all public speakers to make. He will keep a constant supply at his Family Grocery Store, on 7th street, nearly opposite the Patriotic Bank. dec 9

DROUT AND MATHER'S PRINTING INK book and news, always on hand, and sold at their ices.
nov 7 corner 11th st. and Penn. av.

CAMPHINE OIL, GLASSES, AND WICKS.—
I have this day received a fresh supply of the Z. D. GILMAN.

MISCELLANEOUS.

From the Frankfort (Ky.) Commonwealth. "HARRY OF THE WEST."

sectoin a we are mige brade to

List ye, who wield the pond'rous sledge, Ye who the shuttle throw, And who with jack-plane's sturdy edge O'er timbers rough quick go.

Come ye who brave the billows dare, Who God peculiar trust; Earn'd by thy confidence, whose care Is over you at first.

Come, listen to my humble rhymes, All ye who wear a brow That moistens in these darken'd times, Unduly all allow.

Think ye, as one and all, Heaven gave This glorious land of thine
To be a workshop for the slave—
For you, or thine, or mine?

Woke such base thought in bosom when A tordly race designed?
And succumb now shall we to men
Most recreant of their kind?

Deception sped their rise to pow'r,
Fraud marked their track of rule;
The tion and the fozen hour
Gave place to knave and fool.

And 'tween the races of the school

Perfidious and of fraud,

A pirate power betrays a rule

Which o'er our rights should guard.

Rouse thee, and strike for freedom, men! Strike firm—see who'll strike best; He wins in honor's name who strikes For "HARRY OF THE WEST!"

NAPOLEON'S DIVORCE.

M. de Bousset relates the following extraordi nary scene that took place in his presence a short time before the divorce was pronounced between Napoleon and the Empress Josephine:

Napoleon and the Empress Josephine:

"I was on service at the Tuileries from Monday, November 27. That day, and the Tuesday and Wednesday following, I was struck with a great change in the look of the Empress, and the embarrassed silence of Napoleon. The only words he spoke during dinner were to ask me a few brief questions, the answers to which he appeared not to hear. On power of these days the few brief questions, the answers to which he appeared not to hear. On none of these days the dinner lasted more than ten minutes. On Thursday, the 30th, the storm burst. Their Majesties sat down to dinner; Josephine wore a large white bonnet, tied under the chin, which partly concealed her features; I could, however, perceive that she had been weeping, and with difficulty, even then, restrained her tears. She appeared to me like the image of grief and d spair. The most profound silence reigned during dinner. Napoleon and the Empress merely tasted for form's sake what was served to them. The only words uttered were those addressed to me by the Emperor: 'What kind of weather is it?' and as he pronounced them he rose from the table and went into the drawing room, the Empress slowly following him. Coffee was brought on; when Napoleon, contrary to his usual custom, took the cup from the page, and made a sign that he wished to be alone. I immediately quitted the room; but feeling anxious and alarmed, I sat down in the salon de sercice (where their Majesties usually dined) on a chair near the door of the Empress's drawing room. I was observing mechanically the serverse cleaning the table, when suddenly in the consciousness and the capacity of a great destination. They knew nothing higher nor greater than the lot to which they were born, and they saw nothing above themselves; they stood at the top of earthly pre-eminence. Serving their ambitious country, they were called to enterprise without bounds; they must know no fear, nothing unactive most pre-eminence. Serving the top of earthly pre-eminence. Serving the saw nothing above themselves; they stood at the top of earthly pre-eminence. Serving the top of earthly pre-eminence. Serving the top of earthly pre-eminence. Serving th drawing room. I was observing mechanically the servants clearing the table, when suddenly I heard the Empress shrick in the most violent The usher of the chamber, supposing manner. The usher of the chamber, supposing she had fallen into a fit, was on the point of opening the door, but I prevented him, saying that the Emperor would call for assistance if he thought it necessary. I was then standing near the door, when Napoleon himself opened it, and perceiving me, said, in a hurried manner, 'come in, Bousset, and shut the door.' I entered, and saw the Empress stretched upon the carpet, and uttering the most heart-rending cries and moans. 'No, I shall never survive it!' exclaimed the unfortunate

woman. Napoleon said to me, 'Are you strong enough to take up Josephine, and carry her, by the private staircase, to her room, in order that she may receive the care and assistance that her sne may receive the care and assistance that her situation requires! I obeyed and raised up the Princess, who I supposed had fallen into a fit of hysterics. Aided by Napoleon, I took her in my arms; and he, taking one of the lights from the table, led the way through a dark passage toward a private staircase.

On coming to the staircase, I observed to Napoleon that it was too narrow to allow me to descend it with the Empress in my arms, without the danger of falling. He immediately called the guardian of the portfolio, who was stationed night and day near one of the doors of his closet, which opened upon the landing of the private staircase. Napoleon gave him the light, and told him to go on before him: he then took and told him to go on before him: he then took Josephine by the legs, and in this manner aided me to bring her down. At one moment, in consequence of my sword having got between my legs, we were all near tumbling down together. Fortunately, however, we descended without accident, and deposited our precious burden upon an ottoman in the bedchamber. The Emperor immediately rung for the Empress's women. When in the drawing-room above stairs I took the Empress in my arms, she cea ed her cries, and I supposed that she had fainted away; but and I supposed that she had lainted away; but at the moment when I became embarra sed by my sword in the middle of the private staircase; I was obliged, to keep myself from falling, to clasp her more closely. I held the Empress in my arms, which were thrown around her waist; her back was against my because and her waist; her back was against my breast, and her head reclining on my right shoulder. When she felt

the efforts that I made to keep myself from falling, she said in a very low voice to me, "You squeeze me too much." I then judged there was nothing to fear for her health, and that she had not lost her senses for a single instant. During the whole of this scene I had been exclusively occupied with Josephine, whose situation affected me, and could not observe Napoleon; but when the women of the Empress came, he passed into a small saloon contiguous to the bedchamber, whither I followed him. His agitation and anxiety were extreme. In this moment of trouble he explained to me, in the following words, the cause of what had passed: 'The interest of France and my dynasty has forced my heart to act thus—divorce has become an act of rigorous duty for me. I am more pained by la scene que viont de faire Josephine, as she must have been made acquainted three days ago by Hortense with the unfortunate obligation that compels me to seperate myself from her. I pity her with all my heart; I thought her possessed of more character, and was not prepared for this explosion of her sorrow.' In fact, the emotion that he felt compelled him to leave a long interval between each phrase, in order to take beeath. His words escaped him with difficulty and without connexion—his voice was stifled and faltering, and his eyes filled with tears. All this scene occupied from seven to eight minutes. Napoleon immediately after sent for his physician Corvesart, the Queen Hortense, Cambaceres, and Fouche; and before going to his own apartment, he returned to that of Josephine, whom he found calmer and more resigned." the efforts that I made to keep myself from fall-

THE LEADERS OF REPUBLICAN ROME.

Who, when looking back upon the nations, with the view of understanding what that specific character of greatness may have been, which in the highest power of human achievement rested in simple heroic magnanimity, most absolutely upon itself, feels not his imagination drawn irresistibly to the old warriors and statesmen—real or fabulous he cares not—the more fabulous the more real—of Republican Rome? Wielding, as they did, the only unmatched power that was ever known upon earth, nursed in arms and danger, sustaining each, in his person, the celebrity of a great ancestral name, and growing up alike to the highest charges of civil and military command—there could not well be a birth, a morning, and a noon of life, in which the spirit of the human heart might rise more gloriously and steadfastly in the consciousness

we cannot but think we are to ascribe to the

virtuous and simple manners of the republic that peculiar character of these great men, their own virtuous simplicity. We imagine nothing above the powers of their minds, or their noble desires, in those spirits which have made the earth blaze with their course. These ancient fathers of Rome are their equals. Whence is it, then, that their greatness did not break forth in ceaseless and consuming flames? Because the hand that thrice triumphed returned to the plough; and the dictator must leave his new-turned furrows to take upon him the deliverance of Rome. It was the simple virtue of those stern but pure times the simple virtue of those stern but pure times— a virtue never forgotten—that was able, like a mighty spell, to control the grandeur of those un-conquerable spirits and confine them within themselves. And hence it is not possible for us to read their history without feeling that there rests upon them the august renown of a moral greatness. They were sages in the cam and meditative quiet of their little field, as they were awful rulers while they held, in their might of princely counsel, the sway of the state—as they were dread leaders in the front of victorious fight. We can find no other explanation of what is scarce elsewhere to be found, nowhere else in such frequent example, the very height of heroic greatness with the simple plainness and contented obscurity, if the expression could be used, of these men, who, when they had discharged their part to their country, were indifferent further to their own glo'y.—Professor Wilson.

WISTAR'S COUGH LOZENGES -These Loz-W ISTAR'S COUGH LOZENGES—These Lozcages cannot be too strongly recommended to
public attention as a safe and effectual medicine for
the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, &c. They are
very serviceable in soreness and tightness of the
breast, difficulty of breathing, hoarseness, &c., and
give almost immediate relief in troublesume sensation,
tickling in the throat, which is so tormenting in this
complaint.

complaint.

They have been used very extensively in this city and other places, and have given universal satisfaction to all who have used them; price 25 cents per box. A large quantity just manufactured and for sale, with directions, at GILMAN'S,

(late Todd's), Drug Store.